

Atty Dkt. No.: REDL002 USSN: 09/645,071

In the claims:

1. (Twice Amended) A method for diagnosing whether a host suffers from a CE/VED chronic immune disease, said method comprising:

assaying a sample from said host for the presence of at least one leave a sample from said host from said ho

if said at least one low molecular wight RNaseL fragment is present, determining that to determine whether said host suffers from a chronic immune disease.

- 2. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said chronic immune disease is selected from the group consisting of CFS and MS.
- 3. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said sample is a blood cell derived sample.
- 4. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said sample is a PBMC derived sample.
- 5. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said method further comprises assaying said sample for caspase activity.
- 6. (Twice Amended) A method of diagnosing chronic immune disease activity in a human subject, said method comprising:
 - (a) obtaining a sample from said subject;
 - (b) assaying said sample for:
- (i) the presence of at least one RNase L fragment having a molecular weight of from about 35 to about 45 kDal; and
 - (ii) caspase activity

Atty Dkt. No.: REDL002

USSN: 09/645,071

if said at least one low molecular wight RNaseL fragment or caspase activity is present, diagnosing to determine whether to diagnose chronic immune disease activity in said subject.

- 7. (Original) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said chronic immune disease is selected from the group consisting of CFS and MS.
- 8. (Original) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said sample is a blood derived sample.
- 9. (Original) The method according to Claim 8, wherein said blood derived sample is derived from PBMCs.
- 10. (Original) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said method is a method of confirming whether said subject suffers from said chronic immune disease.

Claims 11 to 25. (Withdrawn)